Safety Data Sheet

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Date of issue 08/08/2021 Revision date: 1/27/23 Version 5



Section 1: Identification of the substance/ mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product Identifier

Trade name : DX1026

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Sector of use Product supplied for industrial use only

Use of the substance/mixture DX1026 is a blend of fluorosurfactants intended exclusively for commercial use as a

component for the manufacture of class B firefighting foam concentrates that are used on

flammable liquids.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

DYNAX CORPORATION

79 Westchester Ave. Pound Ridge NY 10576 USA

Tel: +1 914-764-0202 Fax: +1 914-764-0553 Email: info@dynaxcorp.com Website: www.dynaxcorp.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency number CHEMTREC: +1800-424-9300 24 hours

Section 2: Hazards Identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US Classification

Repr.1B H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

STOT RE 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H412 Harmful to Aquatic life with long lasting effects

Aquatic Chronic 3 2.2 Label elements

GHS-US Labelling

Hazard Pictogram (GHS-US)



GHS08 Danger

Signal word (GHS-US)

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H412 Harmful to Aquatic Life with Long lasting effects

Precautionary statements (GHS-US)

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P308+P313- If exposed or concerned ger medical advice/attention.

P405 Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

(See section 13)

Hazard determining components of labelling

C6 fluorotelomer based surfactant.

Ethylene glycol 2-Methylpentane-2,4-diol

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPBT assessment:

PBT Not applicable vPvB Not applicable

2.4 Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

Not applicable

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not applicable

3.1 Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Ethylene glycol	(CAS No) 107-21-1	25 - 50	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 STOT RE 2 H373
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	(CAS No) 112-34-5	2.5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319

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2-Methylpentane-2,4-diol	(CAS No) 107-41-5	<4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Repr. 2, H361d;
C6 fluorotelomer based surfactant. (Contains per- or poly-fluoroalkyl substances, PFAS)	Proprietary	2.5-3.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Repr. 1B, H360FD Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
tert-butyl alcohol	(CAS No) 75-65-0	<3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If exposed or concerned: Get

medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation Allow victim to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest. In all cases of doubt, or when

symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

First-aid measures after skin contact Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water,

followed by warm water rinse.

First-aid measures after eye contact Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists get medical advice/attention.

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious).

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Obtain emergency medical

attention.

4.2 Most Important symptom and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact In fine dispersion/spraying/misting: May irritate eyes

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information

First-aid measures after ingestion

Section 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand. Fight larger fires with spray or

alcohol resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Explosion hazard In closed containers, pressure build up could result in distortion, blowing and in

extreme cases bursting of the container. Flammable vapors may travel long

distances, ignite and flash back to source.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when

fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protective equipment for firefighters

Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory

protection.

Other information Thermal combustion may release carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides

(NOx) and hydrofluoric acid- possibly carbonyl fluoride. Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.

Flammable vapors may travel long distances, ignite and flash back to source.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures Stop leak if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spills of

this product present a serious slipping hazard. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Take precautionary measures against static

discharge.

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures Evacuate unnecessary personnel

6.1.1 For emergency responders

Protective equipment Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures Ventilate area.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to soil, sewers, public waters and the environment. Notify authorities if liquid enters soil, sewers public waters or the environment.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Ensure adequate ventilation. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect all waste in suitable and labelled

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containers and dispose according to local, state, and national legislation. Store away from other materials. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Ensure all local, state, and national regulations are observed.

6.4 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. do not handle or store near heat, sparks, or any other potential ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapor and mist. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and when leaving work.

Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and when leaving work. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatib

Technical measures

Hygiene measures

A washing facility/water for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Storage conditions

Keep out of reach of children. Keep only in the original container in a cool, wellventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and dry. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from food and

drink.

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents. Reducing agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

Section 8: Exposure controls/ personal protection				
8.1 Control parameters				
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)				
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 ppm (inhalable fraction and vapor)		
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)				
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³) 100 mg/m³ (aerosol only)			
tert-Butyl alcohol (75-65-0				
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm		
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	300 mg/m ³		
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm		
2.4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl- (107-41-5)				
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	25 ppm		

8.1 Exposure controls

Respiratory protection

Appropriate engineering controls

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Personal protective equipment

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Personal protective equipment should be selected based upon the conditions under which this product is handled or used. Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing. For certain operations, additional Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) may be required.



Wear protective gloves. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the Hand protection

resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the

supplier of these gloves.

Eye protection Chemical goggles or safety glasses. with side-shields.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved protective clothing. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. In case of

intensive or longer exposure use self-contained apparatus.

Other information Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

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Flash point

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Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid Color Yellow Odor Ammonia-like Odor threshold No data available рΗ 7-9 at 20°C Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) No data available No data available Melting point Freezing point No data available No data available **Boiling point**

60°C

"non-flammable, does not sustain combustibility" in compliance with the requirements of the HMR and United Nations Transport of Dangerous Goods Manual of Tests and Criteria, fifth revised edition (2009), Test Method L.2 and to the CLP Annex I: 2.6.4.5 sustained combustibility test L.2, Part III, section 32 of the UN RTDG, Manual of

Tests and Criteria.

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Flammability (solid, gas)

Vapor pressure

Relative vapor density at 20 °C

Tests and Criteria.

No data available

No data available

No data available

No data available

Relative density No data available 1.18 g/cm3 at 20°C Density Solubility Water: Fully miscible No data available Log Pow Log Kow No data available No data available Viscosity, kinematic Viscosity, dynamic No data available No data available Explosive properties Oxidizing properties No data available Explosive limits No data available

9.2 Other information

No additional information available

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2 Chemical stability

Not established

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents. Reducing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Fumes: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides (NOx), and hydrofluoric acid- possibly carbonyl fluoride.

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects DX1026 LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg (EPA Health Effects Testing Guidelines OPPTS Series) Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5) LD50 oral rat 3384 mg/kg LD50 dermal rabbit 2700 mg/kg ATE US (oral) 3384 mg/kg bodyweight ATE US (dermal) 2700 mg/kg bodyweight Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) LD50 oral rat 4000 - 10200 mg/kg 10600 mg/kg LD50 dermal rat LD50 dermal rabbit 9530 µl/kg ATE US (oral) 500 mg/kg bodyweight ATE US (dermal) 10600 mg/kg bodyweight

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tert-Butyl alcohol (75-65-0)	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	1 - Evidence of Carcinogenicity
LD50 oral rat	2200 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2 g/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	> 10000 ppm/4h
ATE US (oral)	2200.000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (gases)	4500.000 ppm/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11.000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.500 mg/l/4h
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl- (107-41-5)	
LD50 oral rat	3692 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	>310 mg/m³ (exposure time 1 h)
ATE US (oral)	3692 mg/kg bodyweight.

Skin corrosion / irritation

This product is not considered irritating to the skin and does not require an H315 statement. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met According to exiting data (Acute Dermal Irritation in Rabbits; EPA Health Effects Testing Guidelines, OPPTS Series 870.2500, August 1998)

Serious eye damage/irritation

This product is not considered to be significantly irritating and does not require an H319 statement. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met According to exiting data (Acute Eye irritation in Rabbits; EPA Health Effects

Respiratory or skin sensitization Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Testing Guidelines, OPPTS Series 870.2500, August 1998) Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Repr.1B presumed human reproductive toxicant

STOT-Single exposure STOT- repeated exposure Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity	
DX1026	
EC50 Daphnia 1	122 mg/L (Exposure time: 48 h – Species: Daphnia magna)
EC50 Algae	28 mg/L (Exposure time: 72 h – Species: Algae)
LC50 fish 1	>100 mg/L (Exposure time 96 h Species: Fish)
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)	
LC50 fish 1	1300 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
tert-Butyl alcohol (75-65-0)	
LC50 fish 1	6130 - 6700 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	933 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
EC50 Daphnia 2	4607 - 6577 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
LC50 fish 1	41000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 Daphnia 1	46300 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	14 - 18 ml/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl- (107-41-5)	
LC50 fish 1	10500 - 11000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	2700 - 3700 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	10000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
12.2 Persistence and degradability	
DX1026	
Persistence and degradability	Fluorinated components of DX1026 are persistent and non-degradable.
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	
DX1026	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)	
BCF fish 1	no bioconcentration expected
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
	ENOVENOUGH.

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Log Pow		-1.93
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl- (107-41-5)		
Log Pow		< 0.14

12.4 Mobility in soil

This product family shows mobility in soil

12.5 Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer

Effect on the global warming

Other information

No additional information available

No additional information available

Avoid release to the environment.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Remark: Harmful to fish and aquatic organisms

Section 13: Disposal considerations

DX1026 contains PFAS. Local requirements for waste disposal may be more restrictive or otherwise different from national regulations. Therefore, applicable local, state and national regulatory agencies should be contacted regarding disposal of DX1026.

DX1026 contains components that have restricted use under the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) and is subject to a Significant New Use Rules (SNURs).

Disposal of this product and all wastes containing this product must be performed using high temperature incineration at a minimum of 1000°C with a minimum residence time of 2 seconds. See 40 CFR 721.10876, 10877 and 10697 SNURs

13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Waste disposal recommendations	Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Disposal of this product and all wastes containing this product must be performed using high temperature incineration at a minimum of 1000°C with a minimum residence time of 2 seconds. See 40 CFR 721.10876, 10877 and 10697 SNURs
Additional information	Prevent contamination of soil, drains and surface waters. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.
Ecology - waste materials	Avoid release to the environment.
Section 14: Transport information	

Section	14:	ırans	port	intorii	nation

In accordance with DOT	Not regulated for transport
Additional information	
Other information	No supplementary information available
ADR	No additional information available
Transport by sea	No additional information available
Air transport	No additional information available

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1 US Federal regulations

DX1026 contains components that have restricted use under the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) and is subject to a Significant New Use Rules (SNUR). The use of this product is limited to only firefighting foam applications (see section 1.2).

Disposal of this product and all wastes containing this product must be performed using high temperature incineration at a minimum of 1000°C with a minimum residence time of 2 seconds. See 40 CFR 721.10876, 10877 and 10697 SNURs

AFFF containing DX1026 shall not be used in any manner that causes the uncontrolled release of AFFF, except for purposes of:

- a) An emergency response in the event of a significant transportation, military or industrial fire involving flammable fuels or fluids; OR
- b) Testing of AFFF equipment that is intended to be used to extinguish flammable fuel or fluid-related fires provided that complete containment, capture, and proper disposal mechanisms are in place to ensure no AFFF is released into the environment as a result of testing.

The use of AFFF containing DX1026 may not be used for training exercises.

When using AFFF containing DX1026 for emergency response, risk mitigation plans must be in place to reduce environmental release and further migration after the fire is extinguished.

Manufacture of DX1026 such that it contains no C8 impurity levels above those allowed.

Disposal of DX1026 waste only by incineration (at a minimum of 1000°C with a minimum residence time of 2 seconds).

No release to surface waters from manufacturing or processing. Releases during use for emergency response must be minimized according to the risk mitigation plan (as specified above).

Ensure downstream users are notified of the provisions stated herein.

Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances C	control Act) inv	rentory
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	7	□ - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under
	7	rsca.

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		Y2 - Y2 - indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule	
Ethylene glycel (407 24 4)			
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances C	ontrol Act)	inventory Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag		Y2 - Y2 - indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)		5000 lbs.	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting		1.0 %	
tert-Butyl alcohol (75-65-0))			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on United States SARA Section 313 5000 lbs.			
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting		1.0 %	
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl- (107-41-5)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances C	ontrol Act) i	nventory	

15.2 International regulations

CANADA

Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substance	s List)
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substance	s List)
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects
tert-Butyl alcohol (75-65-0)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substance	s List)
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl- (107-41-5)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substance	s List)
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

EU- Regulations

Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)		
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)		
Student wheel (407.04.4)		
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)		
tert-Butyl alcohol (75-65-0)		
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)		

2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl- (107-41-5) Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

No additional data available

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

No additional data available

15.2.2 National regulations

Total Tulional Ognition
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Listed
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

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Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Listed

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

tert-Butyl alcohol (75-65-0)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Listed

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl- (107-41-5)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Listed

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

15.3 US State regulations

- Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), a type of PFAS is on California Proposition 65, listed as causing cancer and reproductive toxicity.
- For more information go to www.p65warnings.ca.gov/

Section 16: Regulatory information

Other information : None

Full Text of H phrases

Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Acute Tox. 2 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Repr. 1B	Reproductive toxicity, category 1B
Repr. 2,	Reproductive toxicity, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeat exposure) Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H227	Combustible liquid
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child
H400	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 1
H410	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic hazard Category 1
H412	Harmful to Aquatic life with long lasting effects Category 3

Abbreviations and acronyms

ACGIH	American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
PVC	Polyvinyl chloride

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2021)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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