## Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2021 (HazCom 2021)





## Section 1: Identification of the substance/ mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product Identifier

Trade name : DX5011

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Sector of use

Product supplied for industrial use only

Use of the substance/mixture

DX5011 is a fluorochemical foam stabilizer intended exclusively for commercial use as a component for the manufacture of class B firefighting foam concentrates that are used on

flammable liquids.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

DYNAX CORPORATION

79 Westchester Ave. Pound Ridge NY 10576 USA

Tel: +1 914-764-0202 Fax: +1 914-764-0553 Email: info@dynaxcorp.com Website: www.dynaxcorp.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency number CHEMTREC: +1800-424-9300 24 hours

### **Section 2: Hazards Identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

STOT RE 2 H373

H373 - May cause damage to organs (blood, liver, kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral)\*

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

### 2.2 Label elements

**GHS-US Labelling** 

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal word (GHS-US)

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

Precautionary statements (GHS-US)

repeated exposure (oral)\*

P260 Do not breathe fume, mist, spray, vapors. P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to comply with applicable local, national and

international regulations

H373 - May cause damage to organs (blood, liver, kidneys) through prolonged or

(See section 13)

### 2.3 Other hazards

No additional information available

### 2.4 Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

Not applicable

## Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.1 Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
2,2'-Iminodiethanol*	(CAS-No.) 111-42-2	<2.5%	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
			Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			Eye Irrit. 2, H319
			STOT RE 2, H373

DX5011 contains PFAS (per- or poly-fluoroalkyl substances).

\*Hazard statement and pictogram in Section 2 are due to 2,2'-Iminodiethanol (diethanolamine)

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

## **Section 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

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First-aid measures after inhalation

Allow victim to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest. In all cases of doubt, or when

symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

First-aid measures after skin contact

Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water,

followed by warm water rinse.

First-aid measures after eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Obtain emergency medical

attention.

### 4.2 Most Important symptom and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact

In fine dispersion/spraying/misting: May irritate eyes

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information

## Section 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media
Unsuitable extinguishing media

Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand. Fight larger fires with spray or

alcohol resistant foam.

Do not use a heavy water stream.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

Explosion hazard

In closed containers, pressure build up could result in distortion, blowing and in extreme cases bursting of the container. Flammable vapors may travel long distances, ignite and flash back to source

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

Protective equipment for firefighters

Other information

Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Thermal combustion may release carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides (NOx) and hydrofluoric acid- possibly carbonyl fluoride. Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries. Flammable vapors may travel long distances, ignite and flash back to source.

## Section 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

Stop leak if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spills of this product present a serious slipping hazard. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

### 6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

**Emergency procedures** 

Evacuate unnecessary personnel

## 6.1.1 For emergency responders

Protective equipment Emergency procedures Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Ventilate area.

## **6.2 Environmental precautions**

Prevent entry to soil, sewers, public waters and the environment. Notify authorities if liquid enters soil, sewers public waters or the environment.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Ensure adequate ventilation. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect all waste in suitable and labelled containers and dispose according to local, state and national legislation. Store away from other materials. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local, state and national regulations. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Ensure all local, state and national regulations are observed.

## 6.4 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

# Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. do not handle or store near heat, sparks, or any other potential ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapor and mist. Wash hands and other exposed areas

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with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving

work

Hygiene measures

Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Handle in accordance with good

industrial hygiene and safety practices.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures A washing facility/water for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be

present. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Storage conditions

Keep out of reach of children. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-

ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and dry. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from food and

drink.

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents. Reducing agents.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

Section 8: Exposure controls/ personal protection			
8.1 Control parameters			
2,2'-Iminodiethanol (111-42-2)	2.2'-Iminodiethanol (111-42-2)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction and vapor)	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	3 ppm	

### 8.1 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the

immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Personal protective equipment

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Personal in the protection of the protection o

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Personal protective equipment should be selected based upon the conditions under which this product is handled or used. Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing. For certain operations, additional Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) may be required.







Hand protection : Wear protective gloves. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the

resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the

supplier of these gloves.

Eye protection : Chemical goggles or safety glasses. with side-shields.

Skin and body protection : Long sleeved protective clothing. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots.

Respiratory protection : Long sleeved protective clothing. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. In case of

intensive or longer exposure use self-contained apparatus.

Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

## Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Viscous Liquid
Color Amber
Odor Mild

Odor threshold No data available 7-8 at 20°C No data available Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) Melting point No data available Freezing point No data available Boiling point No data available Flash point Non-flammable Auto-ignition temperature No data available Decomposition temperature No data available Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable Vapor pressure No data available

Vapor pressure
Relative vapor density at 20 °C
Relative density
Density
Density
Solubility
Log Pow
Log Kow
No data available

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Viscosity, kinematic No data available 1500-2000 cP's Viscosity, dynamic

Explosive properties Product does not present an explosion hazard

Oxidizing properties No data available Explosive limits No data available

9.2 Other information

No additional information available

### Section 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

No additional information available

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Not established

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents. Reducing agents

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Fumes: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides (NOx), and hydrofluoric acid- possibly carbonyl fluoride.

### Section 11: Toxicological information

4	14	I 1	In	form	ation	on	toxico	logica	Leffects
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11.1 Information on toxicological effects				
Acute toxicity: Based on the available LD50 values, the classifications are not met.				
DX5011				
LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg (EPA Health Effects Testing Guidelines OPPTS Series)				
2,2'-Iminodiethanol (111-42-2)				
LD50 oral rat 0.62 mg/kg				
I D50 dermal rabbit 12200 mg/kg				

Skin corrosion / irritation Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

pH: 7.3@20°C

Serious eye damage/irritation Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

pH: 7.3@20°C

Respiratory or skin sensitization Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Carcinogenicity Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Reproductive toxicity Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) STOT-Single exposure Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) STOT- repeated exposure May cause damage to organs (blood, liver, kidneys) through prolonged or

repeated exposure (oral).

Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Aspiration hazard Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Symptoms/injuries after skin contact Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin

causing significant health hazard.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact In fine dispersion/spraying/misting: Causes eye irritation.

Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard. Symptoms/injuries after ingestion

## Section 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

2,2'-Iminodiethanol (111-42-2		
LC50 fish 1	4460 – 4980 mg/l Exposure time: 96 hours, Pimephales promelas; FLOW-	
	THROUGH SYSTEM	
EC50 Daphnia 1	55 mg/l Exposure time: 48 hours, Daphnia magna	
LC50 fish 2	1200 – 1580 mg/l Exposure time: 96 hours, Pimephales promelas, STATIC	
	SYSTEM	
12.2 Persistence and degradability		
12.2 Fersisterice and degradability		
DX5011		
Persistence and degradability	Fluorinated components of DX5011 are persistent and non-degradable	
40.0 Diagrammalation activities		
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		
DX5011		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	

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2,2'-Iminodiethanol (111-42-20	
BCF fish 1	(No significant bioconcentration)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-2.18 at 25°C

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

This product family shows mobility in soil

### 12.5 Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer

Effect on the global warming

Other information

No additional information available

No additional information available

Avoid release to the environment.

### **Section 13: Disposal considerations**

DX5011 contains PFAS. Local requirements for waste disposal may be more restrictive or otherwise different from national regulations. Therefore, applicable local and state regulatory agencies should be contacted regarding disposal of DX5011.

Disposal of this product and all wastes containing this product must be performed using high temperature incineration at a minimum of 1000°C with a minimum residence time of 2 seconds.

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Disposal of this product and all

wastes containing this product must be performed using high temperature incineration at a minimum of 1000°C with a minimum residence time of 2 seconds Prevent contamination of soil, drains and surface waters. Do not re-use empty

containers. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

Avoid release to the environment.

## Section 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport

#### Additional information

Additional information

Ecology - waste materials

Other information No supplementary information available

#### ADR

No additional information available Transport by sea

No additional information available

Air transport

No additional information available

### **Section 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1 US Federal regulations

Disposal of DX5011 and all wastes containing this product must be performed using high temperature incineration at a minimum of 1000°C with a minimum residence time of 2 seconds.

AFFF containing DX5011 shall not be used in any manner that causes the uncontrolled release of AFFF, except for purposes of:

- a) An emergency response in the event of a significant transportation, military or industrial fire involving flammable fuels or fluids; OR
- b) Testing of AFFF equipment that is intended to be used to extinguish flammable fuel or fluid-related fires provided that complete containment, capture, and proper disposal mechanisms are in place to ensure no AFFF is released into the environment as a result of testing.

The use of AFFF containing DX5011 may not be used for training exercises.

When using AFFF containing DX5011 for emergency response, risk mitigation plans must be in place to reduce environmental release and further migration after the fire is extinguished.

Manufacture of DX5011 such that it contains no C8 impurity levels above those allowed.

Disposal of DX5011 waste only by incineration (at a minimum of 1000°C with a minimum residence time of 2 seconds).

No release to surface waters from manufacturing or processing. Releases during use for emergency response must be minimized according to the risk mitigation plan (as specified above).

Downstream notification provisions memorializing all of the terms listed.

2,2'-Iminodiethanol (111-42-2)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Listed on United States SARA Section 313		
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of 100 lbs		
Lists)		
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %	

### 15.2 International regulations

**CANADA** 

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2,2'-Iminodiethanol (111-42-2)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects
	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

## **EU- Regulations**

## 2,2'-Iminodiethanol (111-42-2)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

No additional data available

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC No additional data available

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## 15.2.2 National regulations

2,2'-Iminodiethanol (111-42-2)			
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)			
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Listed			
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory			
Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)			
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)			
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)			
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)			
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances			
Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)			

### 15.3 US State regulations

- · Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), a type of PFAS is on California Proposition 65, listed as causing cancer and reproductive toxicity.
- 2,2'-Iminodiethanol is on California Proposition 65, listed as causing cancer.
- For more information go to www.p65warnings.ca.gov/

Section 16: Regulatory information	
Other information	: None
Full Text of H phrases	
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) category 4
Eye Irrit. 2,	Eye irritation Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeat exposure) Category 2
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Abbreviations and acronyms:	
ACGIH	American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists
NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Polyvinyl chloride

# SDS US (GHS HazCom 2021)

PVC

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product